



of person vaccinated and confirms that the person is fully vaccinated for COVID-19).

- Athletes are subject to the following face mask requirements:
 - Professional athletes and team staff who derive a living from competing in a sport or compete in a sport as representatives of the United States (e.g., the Olympic and Paralympic Games) and who are subject to a labor/management agreement between their union representatives and the relevant professional governing association are subject to the applicable face mask requirements of those agreements.
 - Collegiate athletes are subject to the specific masking requirements of the [Institute of Higher Education Guidance](#).
 - All other athletes who are not subject to a labor/management agreement, including professional, semi-professional, and recreational athletes, must follow the specific masking requirements in the LA County DPH [Protocol for Youth and Adult Recreational Sports Leagues](#).
- Performers and workers in the performance sector who cannot feasibly perform work with a face mask are not required to wear a face mask during the time period in which such tasks are actually being performed on the condition that: (1) the unmasked performer or worker is at least six feet away from all other persons, or at least 12 feet away from others if the performer is singing or playing a wind or brass instrument; or (2) all unmasked performers or workers and any workers who come into contact with those people are routinely tested at least twice weekly for COVID-19 (PCR or antigen are permissible diagnosis tests for routine testing of performers and workers).
 - Please Note: Screening testing is not recommended for:
 - Persons who are fully vaccinated against COVID-19 and are asymptomatic.
- Persons who have recovered from laboratory confirmed COVID-19 within the past 90 days and are asymptomatic. To ensure that masks are worn consistently and correctly, employees are discouraged from eating or drinking except during their breaks when they are able to safely remove their masks and physically distance from others. At all times when eating or drinking, employees must maintain at least a six-foot distance from others. When eating or drinking, it is preferred to do so outdoors and away from others. Eating or drinking at a cubicle or workstation is preferred to eating in a breakroom if eating in a cubicle or workstation provides greater distance from and barriers between workers.
- Occupancy is reduced and space between employees is maximized in any room or area used by employees for meals and/or breaks. This has been achieved by:
 - Posting a maximum occupancy that is consistent with enabling a distance of at least six feet between individuals in room or area used for breaks;
 - Staggering break or mealtimes to reduce occupancy in rooms or areas used for meals and breaks; and
 - Placing tables at least eight feet apart and assuring six feet between seats, removing or taping seats to reduce occupancy, placing markings on floors to assure distancing, and arranging seating in a way that minimizes face-to-face contact. Use of partitions is encouraged to further prevent spread but should not be considered a substitute for reducing occupancy and maintaining physical distancing.
- Employees are instructed to wash, if applicable, or replace their face masks daily.
- In the event that 3 or more cases are identified within the workplace within a span of 14 days the employer must report this cluster to the Department of Public Health at (888) 397-3993 or (213) 240-7821 or online at www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Imz.aspx. If a cluster is identified at a worksite, the Department of Public Health will initiate a cluster response which includes providing infection control guidance and recommendations, technical support and site-specific control measures. A public health case manager will be assigned to the cluster investigation to help guide the facility response.
- Any workstations within the facility are separated by at least six feet.
- The number of people in any room in the facility (e.g., restrooms, meeting rooms, cafeterias, gyms, etc.) is limited at any given time, such that all people in the room can easily maintain at least a 6-foot distance from



one another at all practicable times or an 8-foot distance if they are engaging in physical activity.

All venues that are open for Outdoor Seated Live Events and Performances with spectators must implement a COVID-19 testing program that provides weekly, optional testing of all workers who may come in contact with others.

- PCR or antigen are permissible diagnosis tests for employees where the interval between the tests is no greater than 7 days. For employees returning to work where the interval between a prior test has been greater than 7 days after receiving a prior test, only a PCR test is permissible.
- Any performers, players and employees participating in routine weekly testing are not counted toward any occupancy capacity limit. All performers, players and employees not participating in a routine weekly testing program shall count toward any occupancy limit.
- Where capacity limits exist, fully vaccinated workers who are working onsite do not count toward any occupancy capacity limit.
- Please Note: Screening testing is not recommended for:
 - Persons who fully vaccinated against COVID-19 and are asymptomatic
 - Persons who have recovered from laboratory confirmed COVID-19 within the past 90 days and are asymptomatic.

All rooms that are regularly used by employees during the course of the workday (e.g., meeting rooms, restrooms and other common areas) are disinfected at the frequency described below, but no less than once per day during operating hours, on the following schedule:

- Meeting rooms _____
- Restrooms _____
- Other _____

Disinfectant and related supplies are available to employees at the following location(s):

Hand sanitizer effective against COVID-19 is available to all employees at the following location(s):

Employees are allowed frequent breaks to wash their hands.

A copy of this protocol has been distributed to each employee.

Each worker is assigned their own equipment and defined work area to the extent possible. The need for sharing held items is minimized or eliminated.

Personal items (e.g. water bottles, towels, uniforms, etc.) are not shared.

For outdoor operations, there is a heat illness prevention plan and written procedures in both English and the language understood by the majority of the employees. The plan is available to employees at the worksite. Please see Cal/OSHA heat illness prevention page for resources, including FAQs, a webinar and a sample written plan. Elements of a heat illness prevention plan must include:

- Access to potable drinking water
- Access to shade
- Cool down breaks
- Emergency procedures for heat illness cases
- High heat procedures when the temperature exceeds 95 degrees
- Monitoring employees who are acclimatizing during a heat wave
- Training on heat illness prevention and symptoms

Optional—Describe other measures:



B. MEASURES TO ENSURE PHYSICAL DISTANCING

- Attendance at Outdoor Seated Live Events in Yellow Tier is limited to a maximum 67% of total venue capacity as determined by applicable building or fire code. Visitors in suites count toward this capacity limit.
 - o Maximum number of attendees in sports facility during an Outdoor Seated Live Event is limited to:

- Audience groups must be limited to a total of 6 persons made up of a maximum of three household units.
- Assigned seating is required to permit physical distancing of at least 6 feet between people of different households or audience groups.
- Suites must be limited to 25% occupancy with no more than 3 households physically distanced within each suite, or six people from the same household. Suites may be occupied at 100% capacity only if all persons in the suite show the venue proof of full vaccination against COVID-19³ and have an assigned seat in the suite.
- Customers that have attested to full vaccination against COVID-19 must show the venue the required verification, which is a photograph identification and proof of full vaccination, such as their vaccination card (which includes the name of person vaccinated, type of COVID-19 vaccination provided and date last dose administered) or a photo of their vaccination card as a separate document or a photo of the attendee's vaccine card stored on a phone or electronic device or documentation of full vaccination against COVID-19 from a healthcare provider (which includes name of person vaccinated and confirms that the person is fully vaccinated against COVID-19), before permitted entry into the venue or stadium.
- All attendees must purchase tickets in advance. Game-day ticket sales are not permitted.
- Seat purchases may only be made in blocks of six or fewer seats with members of a single household or audience group, as defined by this protocol. Seats within suites may be purchased in different configurations in compliance with suite capacity limits. Venues must require those purchasing tickets to attest that their seat reservation will contain attendees from no more than one household or audience group.
- Tickets purchased for seats within a section reserved for fully vaccinated persons, may be purchased in blocks of more than six (6) seats. Purchasers must attest at the time of purchase that all persons within the purchaser's party who will attend the event are fully vaccinated against COVID-19. All persons seated in the fully vaccinated section must be prepared to show the venue their proof of full vaccination prior to entry.
- Tickets may only be purchased by California residents, except that out-of-state persons may purchase tickets for, visit or attend activities or events if they are fully vaccinated, as described below. The venue must require those purchasing tickets to attest that they are a California resident and that all the members of the purchaser's party will be in-state visitors. Information will be prominently placed on all communications, including the Reservation and Ticketing systems, to ensure guests are aware of Reservation and Ticketing requirements.
- Fully vaccinated persons from out of state may purchase tickets for, visit or attend activities or events that are restricted to in-state visitors. Fully vaccinated persons should consult the current County Travel Advisory and adhere to any applicable requirements and recommendations. Out of state purchasers must also attest at the time of purchase that all persons within the purchaser's party who will attend the event are fully vaccinated against COVID-19. All persons with tickets for seats in the fully vaccinated section must be prepared to show the venue proof of full vaccination for each audience group member prior to entry.
- Ticketing offices must be protected with impermeable barriers, like Plexiglass. Instruct visitors where to queue to maintain a minimum of six feet of physical distance from others in the line.
- Audience seating locations must be fixed or marked, with readily identifiable signs to indicate by section, row, and seat (assigned seating). Assigned seats must clearly define space for individuals with appropriate space

³ People are considered fully vaccinated for COVID-19 at 2 weeks or more after they have received the second dose in a 2-dose series (e.g. Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna), or 2 weeks or more after they have received a single-dose vaccine (e.g., Johnson and Johnson [J&J]/Janssen).



per person (no blanket reservations or group or standing room only areas), and non-permanent seating arrangements must not be altered by spectators.

- All audience or household groups of attendees must be spaced at least 6 feet from the nearest other audience or household group. Spacing between groups of attendees, who are not seated in a section reserved for only fully vaccinated persons, must enable concessions workers to easily approach a group to sell concessions without coming into close contact with other groups of attendees.
- Fully Vaccinated-Only Seating Sections:
 - Fully Vaccinated-only sections must be separate, distinct, and clearly marked from any other section of the venue that is set aside for the seating of tested or non-tested attendees.
 - Individuals in the Fully Vaccinated-only sections do not have to be physically distanced. Face coverings are required. Guests who are not fully vaccinated may not enter or remain in fully vaccinated-only sections.
 - Fully Vaccinated-only sections may be seated at full (100%) capacity within that section only. Suites may also operate at 100% of suite capacity if all guests show proof of full vaccination against COVID-19. However, capacity for the venue must not exceed established limits.
 - There must be at least 3 feet of distance between the Fully Vaccinated-only sections and any other section in the venue.
 - For outdoor sporting events, spectators who are fully vaccinated and masked may be seated in seats that are closer than 12 feet from the playing surface.
 - Children (> 2 years of age) who are not eligible to be vaccinated may sit with their parent, guardian, or sponsor in the Fully Vaccinated-only sections if they are tested. Children younger than 2 do not need to be tested and may also sit with their parent, guardian, or sponsor in the Fully Vaccinated-only section. Children sitting with the parent, guardian or sponsor in a Fully Vaccinated-only section are considered for purposes of social distancing to be fully vaccinated.
- Attendees must be reminded to stay in their seats except for visits to the restroom, to pick up concessions at a concession stand or at a designated pick-up area, to visit a retail outlet located within the venue or eat at a designated outdoor dining area. Event staff are available in the concourse to remind attendees not to congregate or to loiter in the concourse area of the venue.
- Attendees who purchase food and beverages from concession stands are reminded to not open pre-packaged or sealed food or beverage containers prior to returning to their seats or to being seated in a designated dining area.
- The facility operator must strictly and continuously meter entry and exit of customers at all entrances in order to track occupancy to ensure compliance with capacity limits. Operators that are insufficiently or not metering or appear to be over capacity may, at the discretion of the public health inspector, be temporarily closed until these issues are rectified as determined by the onsite health inspector. Where possible, provide a single, clearly designated entrance and separate exits to help maintain distancing.
- Be prepared to queue customers outside while still maintaining physical distance, including the use of visual cues. If necessary, an employee (or employees if there is more than one entrance) wearing a face mask may be posted near the door but at least 6 feet from the nearest customers to track occupancy and to direct customers to line up six feet apart outside the entrance if the establishment has reached its occupancy limit until their reservation time.
- Separate routes are designated throughout the facility for entry and exit, activity areas, seating areas, and employee work areas to help maintain physical distancing and lessen the instances of people closely passing each other. One-way directional hallways and passageways for foot traffic have been designated if feasible.
- Ushers must be available during breaks and intermissions to ensure orderly entry and exit from and into venue areas. Ushers should be used to preserve appropriate space in queuing areas and help understand where lines begin as additional space may make it difficult to see where to stand.
- Facility flow must be designed in a way that provides operators the ability to control fully the flow, ingress



and egress of all visitors and to separate players, performers, artists and employees from the general public. Special attention must be paid to plans to ensure that visitors are able to exit the event in a staggered fashion, including ensuring that venue ushers are available in all areas of the venue to encourage guests to keep moving, to prevent congregating and to manage bottlenecks and crowding.

C. MEASURES FOR INFECTION CONTROL

- The HVAC system is in good, working order; to the maximum extent possible, ventilation has been increased. Effective ventilation is one of the most important ways to control small aerosol transmission. Consider installing portable high-efficiency air cleaners, upgrading the building's air filters to the highest efficiency possible, opening windows and doors, and making other modifications to increase the quantity of outside air and ventilation in offices and other spaces. See California Department of Public Health [Minimum Guidance for Ventilation, Filtration and Air Quality in Indoor Environments](#) for detailed information.
 - Please Note: Ventilation and other indoor air quality improvements are an addition to, and not a replacement for, mandatory protections including wearing face masks (except in certain high-risk environments that require using proper respiratory protection), maintaining at least six feet of distance between people, washing hands frequently, and limiting activities that bring together people from different households.
- Venue operators must allow for at least 2 hours between events or performances to prevent mixing across attendees.
- Visitors arriving at the establishment are reminded to wear a face mask at all times (except while eating or drinking, if applicable) while in the establishment or on the grounds of the establishment. This applies to all adults and to children 2 years of age and older. Individuals who have been instructed not to wear a face mask by their medical provider must wear a face shield with a drape along the bottom edge, to be in compliance with State directives, if their condition allows it. Masks with one-way vents on the front must not be worn. To support the safety of your employees and other visitors, a face mask should be made available to visitors who arrive without them.
- Entry screening is conducted before visitors may enter the facility. (See County [Entry Screening](#) guidance.) Checks must include a check-in concerning cough, shortness of breath, difficulty breathing and fever or chills and whether the individual is currently under isolation or quarantine orders. These checks can be done in person or through alternative methods such as on-line check in systems or through [signage](#) posted at the entrance to the facility stating that visitors with these symptoms should not enter the premises.
 - Negative Screen (Cleared): If the person has no symptom(s) and no contact with a known COVID-19 case in the last 10 days, they can be cleared to enter for that day.
 - Positive Screen (Not Cleared):
 - If the person has had contact with a known COVID-19 case in the last 10 days or is currently under quarantine orders, they may not enter and must be sent home immediately to quarantine at home. Provide them with the quarantine instructions found at ph.lacounty.gov/covidquarantine.
 - If the person is showing any of the symptoms noted above or is currently under isolation orders, they may not enter and must be sent home immediately to isolate at home. Provide them with the isolation instructions found at ph.lacounty.gov/covidisolation.
- Employees checking bags should modify activities to minimize directly touching guest items. This could include using styluses or other instruments to search bags, asking guests to open and move contents, etc. Where practices might cause direct contact with patrons or their items, employees should immediately sanitize hands or wear disposable gloves. Consider implementing a clear bag or no bag policy to avoid workers needing to touch attendees' personal items.
- If feasible, utilize a walk-through metal detector rather than hand wand metal detectors to allow employees to maintain at least six feet of physical distance from attendees.



- Ticketing offices must be protected with impermeable barriers, like Plexiglas.
- Use touchless ticket scanners whenever possible. Ask attendees to scan tickets themselves rather than passing digital electronic devices or paper tickets back and forth between workers and patrons. **Hard, scannable tickets may be used by attendees who are unable to use electronic tickets.**
- Discontinue coat check and other amenities that require workers to unnecessarily touch guest items and increase the risk of contact of contaminated items from different households.
- Discourage attendees from engaging in yelling, singing, chanting, booing, use of noisemakers that require the exhalation of air (e.g., vuvuzelas), and other similar practices that any increase the likelihood of transmission from contaminated exhaled droplets and aerosols.
- Common areas and frequently touched objects (e.g., tables, doorknobs or handles, light switches) are disinfected at least once per day during business hours using EPA approved disinfectant and following the manufacturer's instructions for use.
- Hand sanitizer, tissues and trash cans are available to employees and visitors at or near the entrances to the facility.

D. CONSIDERATIONS FOR ON-AIR TALENT

- During live sporting events, on-air talent, including pre-game reporters, play-by-play announcers, sideline reporters and others who appear on-camera before, during or after a live broadcast of a game may remove their face masks during times when they are on-air, provided that they are at least 6 feet from any other individual while they are on-air. At all other times, they must wear an appropriate face mask.
- If possible, on-air talent should broadcast in an outdoor or open air setting. On-air talent that is broadcasting from an indoor booth setting must be positioned at least 6 feet from others in the booth, and if the booth is occupied by more than one on-air announcer, **who are not fully vaccinated**, there must be [barriers](#) set up between them.
- Those who conduct interviews with players, coaches or others (e.g., sideline reporters) must keep their face masks on at all times during interviews.

E. CONSIDERATIONS FOR VENUE SUPPORT OPERATIONS: SOUND, LIGHTING, ETC.

- Consider options to limit the number of staff needed for back-of-house production departments and/or identify ways they can complete tasks separately from each other. For example, where feasible, the lighting department should be allowed to work alone on set until the lighting is complete before other departments undertake their tasks.
- Evaluate the increased risk from standard working processes involving close contact (heavy lifting, working in confined spaces such as scissor lifts, lighting grids, moving large lamps, textile tying, etc.) and modify those work processes where possible, and ensure workers have access to the proper protective equipment.
- Touchable surfaces are cleaned at least once daily or as often as determined is necessary including but not limited to working surfaces, tools, handles and latches, and controls on stationary and mobile equipment including surface in the cabs of all vehicles.
- Reusable PPE (such as face shields) and employer-owned and controlled equipment, such as hard hats, is sanitized at the end of each shift.
- Choke points and high-risk areas where workers must stand together, such as hallways, hoists, and elevators, have been identified and signage is posted to remind workers to take precautions while moving through these areas.
- Use of shared production items has been limited to a single worker or a function team (e.g., sound equipment should be handled by a designated person or team). All items are cleaned once daily.
- All communication technology is disinfected before and after each use and tools are labeled with the name



of each user to avoid inadvertent sharing of tools.

- Workers who handle keys, open car doors or touch others' items are allowed additional time to wash hands and/or use hand sanitizer.

F. CONSIDERATIONS FOR PERFORMERS, MUSICAL PERFORMERS AND REHEARSALS

For Performers:

- Use precautions when performing in large groups or ensembles and evaluate the necessity of such activity on a case-by-case basis. Background players, stand-ins, and other non-essential performers on set should not linger in crowded holding areas unnecessarily. Holding/offstage areas should be sufficiently large to ensure adequate spacing between performers, backstage workers, etc.
- Performing groups should consider modifications to rehearsals where face masks cannot be worn, that break physical distances, require performers to touch their own or others' faces, etc.
- Use microphones for performances to the maximum extent feasible so that performers can limit voice projections, which cause more particles, aerosols, and droplets to be released and travel farther.
- Performers that are minors should be accompanied by a parent or guardian. Children should be given special instruction and guidance on the use of any provided protective equipment and safety protocols.

For Musical Performers:

- Performers should empty water keys onto disposable or paper towels whenever possible and turn away from others when emptying to avoid fluid contamination. Musicians should discard their own used towels and wash their hands and/or use hand sanitizer after disposal. If musicians empty water keys onto non-disposable towels, the towels must be clean when brought to performance or practice, removed by the musician and placed into a sealed container away from others for laundering, and the musician must wash their hands and/or use hand sanitizer.
- Perform instrument cleaning, including wiping down and blowing through, at home and away from others before and after practice.
- Do not share instruments, if at all possible. Consider discontinuing assistance from musician assistants, such as page-turners or others that cannot maintain at least six feet of distance.
- Increase distancing between people who sing or chant and others, or between brass/wind instrument performers and others to greater than 6 feet, when outdoors and not wearing face masks. Consider use of [barriers](#) to add further separation in these cases.
- Wind instrument performers should use additional modifications as appropriate, such as devices to capture aerosols or to redirect air emitted from the instrument.

For Rehearsals:

- Performances and/or practices where there is increased likelihood for transmission from lack of face masks or contaminated exhaled aerosols (such as singing, chanting, brass and woodwind playing, etc.) should rehearse outdoors, if possible. Performers must rehearse and perform with their small groups to the greatest extent feasible.
- When workers cannot wear face masks as part of their rehearsal (e.g., opera singers, woodwind musicians, etc.), operators must modify rehearsal activities, including maintaining strict small groups, implementing at least weekly testing of participants during rehearsal as well as performance season, limiting the amount of time and the number of workers without face masks, maintaining physical distance between those without face masks and others to at least six feet, installing impermeable barriers between people, ensuring proper ventilation, etc.
- Use precautions when performing in large groups or ensembles. If a large group is required for the performance, minimize the time the full group is in proximity with each other (e.g., rehearsing in sub-groups).



G. CONSIDERATIONS FOR COSTUME, WARDROBE, HAIR AND MAKE-UP

- For Costume and Wardrobe:
 - Consider options that allow performers to arrive in their own wardrobe. Where feasible, encourage background performers to also wear their own clothes from home. Separate dressing areas to permit physical distancing if this is not possible.
 - Ensure costume dressing and quick-change proposal are staggered and supervised by wardrobe attendants.
 - Each case member's costume and wardrobe supplies should be kept in separate, labeled plastic bags.
- For Hair and Makeup
 - Hair and make-up crew members should refer to LA County DPH Protocol on Personal Care Services.
 - Hair extensions and wigs should be thoroughly cleaned according to the manufacturer's directions after each use.
 - Makeup application tools and supplies should be purchased per performer and used only on that individual. These supplies should be kept in individual cast bags.
 - Mix foundation, powders, lipstick, and other makeup items on a disposable palette for each individual. Use disposable, single-use applicators for each person.
 - Performers should apply their own minor touch-ups, where possible, to avoid additional contact. Performers should also remove their own makeup to limit contact at the end of the day.

H. CONSIDERATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION MILLS AND SET DESIGN

- Construction mill and set design employees should refer to additional guidance on the Construction and Manufacturing industries.
- Consider whether the set design crew can operate separately from production, including fully dressing locations prior to performances without interacting with other workers.
- Develop stage layouts to limit the number of staff and performers on site and maximize the physical distance between performers.
- Additional cleaning and disinfection practices should be developed for key props, furniture, or other set dressing which has repeated and regular exposure with employees. Where possible, limit the number of people who have contact with key props.

I. CONSIDERATIONS FOR EMPLOYEE TRAVEL

- Production should evaluate whether travel is essential and should limit the number of workers asked to travel. Check the current [Los Angeles County Travel Advisory](#) and [CDPH Travel Advisory](#) in effect. Review the [CDC guidelines on air travel](#) and encourage all traveling personnel to do the same.
- Develop a detailed process and plan for travel, which should include:
 - Implementing small travel groups.
 - Ensuring facilities in proximity of venues can support necessary lodging and dining demands and any potential medical needs.
 - Reviewing the local, state, and CDC Travel Recommendations by Country and avoiding all destinations, both domestic and international, where there is widespread ongoing transmission.
 - Follow relevant local or state guidance regarding self-quarantine upon return from areas of higher transmission.
- Consider lodging employees in apartments instead of hotel rooms where they might interact with other guests or hotel staff.



- Where possible, employees should drive separately in their own vehicles, unless part of the same traveling small groups.
- If a number of employees are in hotels, consider bus transport. If using shared vehicles, minimize the number per vehicle to support physical distancing, require passengers to wear face masks, and keep windows open to the extent possible.

J. MEASURES THAT COMMUNICATE TO THE PUBLIC

- A copy of this protocol, or if applicable, the facility's printed Los Angeles County COVID-19 Safety Compliance Certificate is posted at all entrances to the facility. For more information or to complete the COVID-19 Safety Compliance self-certification program, visit: <http://publichealth.lacounty.gov/eh/covid19cert.htm>. Facilities must keep a copy of the Protocols onsite at the facility for review, upon request.
- Signage has been posted to provide clear guidance to the public about how to maintain safety within the facility (e.g., maintaining physical distance, wear face mask, etc.). See the County DPH COVID-19 Guidance webpage: <http://publichealth.lacounty.gov/media/Coronavirus/guidance.htm#business> for additional resources and examples of signage that can be used by businesses.
- Signage is posted throughout the facility to remind the public that eating, or drinking is prohibited anywhere in the facility except for when attendees are seated in assigned seating or designated dining areas.
- Signage is posted at each public entrance of the facility to inform all employees and visitors that they should: Avoid entering the facility if they have a cough or fever.
- Online outlets of the venue (online ticketing platforms, venue website, social media, etc.) provide clear information about hours, required use of face masks, policies in regard to purchasing tickets, and other relevant issues.

K. MEASURES THAT ENSURE EQUITABLE ACCESS TO CRITICAL SERVICES

- Services that are critical to the customers/clients have been prioritized.
- Transactions or services that can be offered remotely have been moved on-line.
- Measures are instituted to assure access to goods and services for customers who have mobility limitations and/or are at high risk in public spaces.

Any additional measures not included above should be listed on separate pages, which the business should attach to this document.

You may contact the following person with any questions or comments about this protocol:

Business Contact Name: _____

Phone Number: _____

Date Last Revised: _____

SUMMARY FOR OUTDOOR LIVE EVENTS

Assigned seats and controlled mixing; including sports and live performances

Location of event	Some attendees are not fully vaccinated or not tested negative	Staff and Performers/ Entertainment	Food Service	Additional attendee requirements	Extra allowances for fully vaccinated attendees
Outdoors	67% of maximum venue capacity based on applicable building or fire code	<p>Counted toward capacity unless fully vaccinated or tested right before event.</p> <p>Those serving concessions to customers or conducting entry screenings must wear a face shield and a face mask. If staff member is fully vaccinated, they may elect to remove face shield.</p>	<p>ALL GUESTS</p> <p>Indoor concessions may be sold in designated areas.</p> <p>Masking required among all guests unless consuming food/beverages</p> <p>Guests must be seated in assigned seats or in a designated outdoor dining area when eating or drinking</p> <p>Guests at each table are limited to eight (8) people that are either members of a single household or members of a group of up to three households. If everyone seated at the table is fully vaccinated, there is no limit on the number of households among tablemates.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attendances limited to in-state visitors only, with the exception of fully vaccinated out of state visitors who may also purchase tickets and attend live events and performances and must adhere to the current County Travel Advisory. Max 67% includes suites with 25% occupancy per suite. There needs to be three (3) feet of distance separating vaccinated sections and other seating sections. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fully vaccinated sections up to 100% occupancy with no distancing required.

* People are considered “fully vaccinated” against COVID-19 at ≥2 weeks after they have received the second dose in a 2-dose COVID-19 vaccine series (Pfizer-BioNTech or Moderna), or ≥2 weeks after they have received a single-dose COVID-19 vaccine (Johnson and Johnson [J&J]/Janssen). The following are acceptable as proof of “full vaccination”: 1) A photo identification of the attendee and 2) their vaccination card (which includes name of person vaccinated, type of COVID-19 vaccine provided and date last dose administered) OR a photo of the attendee’s vaccination card as a separate document OR a photo of the attendee’s vaccine card stored on a phone or electronic device OR documentation of full vaccination from a healthcare provider (which includes name of person vaccinated and confirms that the attendee is fully vaccinated against COVID-19). If one of these criteria is not met or the person cannot show such documentation prior to entry into the event or venue, the person is not considered to be fully vaccinated.

** People are considered to have “tested negative” for COVID-19 prior to the event if they are able to show 1) a photo identification and 2) proof they have been tested for COVID-19 and have received a negative COVID-19 viral (swab or saliva) test result from a specimen collected within 72 hours before event start time, if using PCR test for COVID-19, or within 24 hours of start of the event, if using antigen test for COVID-19. Results of the test must be available and shown prior to entry into the event or venue. If one of these criteria is not met or the person cannot show such documentation, the person is not considered to be tested negative for COVID-19.