FY 2011 Ryan White Part Al Application

Juhua Wu
Care Grants Manager
Los Angeles County Department of Public Health
Office of AIDS Programs and Policy

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Part A Application

- Annual competitive application
- Basis for Ryan White Part A supplemental award
- 1/3 of total Part A award since 2006 Reauthorization
- Comprehensive Portrayal of LAC HIV service delivery system and its challenges





Title I/Part A Award History







FY 2011 Application Timeframe

- HRSA released program guidance
 - August 16, 2010
- Application due date
 - October 18, 2010
- OAPP submitted application
 - October 18, 2010
- Anticipated Award Announcement
 - March 2011





HRSA Emphases for FY 2011

- National HIV/AIDS Strategy
 - Reduce number of people who become infected with HIV
 - Increase access; optimize health outcomes
 - Reduce HIV-related health disparities
- Assure access to primary care and medication
 - No less than 75% of Part A funds for core medical services





HRSA Emphases for FY 2011

- Early identification of Individuals with HIV/AIDS (EIIHA)
 - Unaware of HIV status
 - Strategy, plan, and data
- Guidelines and requirements for monitoring grantees and providers (national monitoring standards)





HRSA Emphases for FY 2011

- Other standing principles
 - Estimate and address unmet need
 - Quality management
 - Third party reimbursement
 - Cultural and linguistic competency; health literacy





What's Different in FY 2011

- Page limit = 90
- Significant additional requirements in contents
 - New section (EIIHA)
 - New requirements within existing sections
- Changes in scoring point distribution





Application Scoring Guide

FY 2011 Narrative Sections	Points
1. Demonstrated Need	34
2. EIIHA	33
2. Access to Care and Plan for FY 2011	8
3. Grantee Administration	10
4. Planning and Resource Allocations	5
5. Budget and Maintenance of Effort	5
6. Clinical Quality Management	5
Total	100

Application Scoring Guide

FY 2011 Narrative Sections	FY 2011	FY 2010*
1. Demonstrated Need	34	34
2. EIIHA	33	34
3. Access to Care and Plan for FY 2011	8	9
4. Grantee Administration	10	5
5. Planning and Resource Allocations	5	10
6. Budget and Maintenance of Effort	5	2
7. Clinical Quality Management	5	6
Total	100	100

^{*}Point distribution is based on supplemental guidance released after the Ryan White Extension Act of 2009 was signed into law in October 2009.





- People living with AIDS
 - 24,845 as of 12/31/2009*
- People living with HIV (non-AIDS)
 - 19,225 reported as of 12/31/2009*
 - 24,845 estimated using 1:1 = HIV: AIDS ratio
 - 26,292 from State OA unmet need datasets
- New AIDS cases reported in 2008, 2009
 - -2,002*





Overall HIV/AIDS prevalence

Living AIDS Cases 24,845

Living HIV Cases 24,845* – 26,292

Undiagnosed Cases 13,000*

Total prevalence 62,000 – 65,000*





- Disproportionate Impacted populations
 - MSM
 - African Americans
 - Homeless
 - Formerly Incarcerated Individuals
 - Transgender Individuals





- Service Gaps
 - Populations Underrepresented in the Ryan White Program
 - Whites; Men; Older Adults
 - Level of Service Gaps
 - Based on LACHNA findings
 - Oral health; housing; unmet need; those unaware of HIV status





Demonstrated Need – Impact of Co-morbidities

- Impact of Co-morbidities on the Cost and Complexity of Providing Care
 - Sexually Transmitted Infections
 - Homelessness
 - Lack of Health Insurance
 - Poverty (≤ 300% FPL)
- Additional Contributing Factors
 - Tuberculosis, hepatitis, mental illness, substance abuse





Demonstrated Need — Cost and Complexity of Care

- Complexity of care indicators
- Impact on service delivery of formerly incarcerated individuals
- Trends in services and fiscal resources as a result of state and local funding cuts





Demonstrated Need – Cost and Complexity of Care

Indicator	General Population	RW FY 2009 Clients	RW FY 2009 Formerly Incarcerated Clients*
CDC-defined AIDS	0.2%	55.5%	54.9%
Mental Illness	10.3%	38.9%	44.0%
Homelessness	0.9%	6.4%	19.3%
Poverty (<100% FPL)	20.8%	64.6%	85.8%
No insurance 28.9%		61.2%	61.7%

^{*}Clients who reported a history of incarceration within the last two years.





Demonstrated Need – Impact of Part A Funding

- Availability of other public funding
- Coordination of services and funding streams
 - Other Ryan White programs
 - Other federal, state, and local resources
 - Medi-Cal, Medicare and Medicare Part
 D, SCHIP, VA, HOPWA, CDC, Services for
 Women and Children, Social Service
 Programs, Substance Abuse and Mental Health
 Services





Demonstrated Need — Populations with Special Needs

- Limited to 6 populations
- Unique service delivery challenges, service gaps, and costs
 - MSM
 - Women of Color
 - Multiply-Diagnosed
 - African Americans
 - Latino/as
 - Transgenders





Demonstrated Need — Unique Service Delivery Challenges

- Coordination across vast geographic variations and population diversity
- Leveraging resources during extreme economic decline and state budget crisis
- Increasingly complex HIV treatment and chronic disease care





Demonstrated Need — Impact of Ryan White Funding Decline

- Impact of Ryan White Formula Funding Decline
- Planning Council Response





Demonstrated Need – Unmet Need

Unmet Need Trend 2007-2009

	2007	2008	2009
Total PLWHA	51,150	53,683	53,228
Total Unmet Need	19,977	19,898	18,761
Percent Unmet Need	39.1%	37.1%	35.2%

Note: unmet need is defined as not receiving a viral load, CD4 test, or anti-retroviral therapy in a 12-month period.





Demonstrated Need – Unmet Need

- Assessment of Unmet Need
 - Demographics and location
 - Laboratory test and eHARS data
 - LACHNA data
 - Service needs, gaps and barriers
 - Efforts to find HIV+ individuals not in care and enter them in care
 - Various Countywide Testing Initiatives
 - Provider activities





Demonstrated Need – Unmet Need

- Assessment of Unmet Need
 - Use of unmet need framework in planning/decision-making
 - Populations disproportionately out of care
 - Women, transgender
 - Youth
 - African Americans, Latino/a, API
 - IDU





Early Identification of Individuals with HIV/AIDS (EIIHA)

- Strategy
 - EIIHA goals
 - Coordination with other programs
 - ADAP and other considerations
- Plan
 - EIIHA Matrix
 - Customized strategies, challenges, activities
- Data





EIIHA - Strategy

- EIIHA goals
 - Normalize HIV testing
 - Hybrid model vs. BRG model
 - HIV screening as routine health care
 - Target HIV testing using epidemiologic evidence
 - Geo-mapping
 - Achieve 95% disclosure and linkage to care





EIIHA - Strategy

- Coordination
 - RW Part B
 - CDC; local STD, TB, Communicable Disease
 Programs; HIV Epi; Public Health Lab
 - Corrections; hospitals; communities and CBOs
 - Incorporating strategies into RFPs
 - Consideration of ADAP/medication resources
 - Role of early intervention programs





EIIHA Matrix

1. All individuals unaware of their HIV Status (HIV- positive and HIV-negative) in Los Angeles County					
2A. Individuals NOT tested for HIV				2B. Individuals tested for HIV	
3A. Men	3B. Women	3C. Partners of HIV-positive individuals	3D. Youth (13- 24 years old)	3E. Incarcerated and post- released individuals	3F. Individuals uninformed of test results

Note: See Part A application Attachment 9 for detailed description for each subgroup. 1. Unaware of HIV status here indicates either not tested for HIV in the past 12 months or tested for HIV but received no results, including positive or negative results and confirmatory results. 2. Subpopulations are not mutually exclusive from each other.





- Identifying individuals unaware of HIV status
- Informing individuals of their HIV status
- Referral to care
- Linkage to care
- For each step above
 - Describe customized
 strategy, challenges, planned
 activities, timeline, responsible parties
 - Reference EIIHA matrix regarding target groups

- Strategies/activities to identify individuals unaware of HIV status
 - "Erase Doubt" social marketing campaign
 - Routine testing in health care facilities
 - Routine testing in County jails
 - Targeted testing in high burden areas
 - Community events; health fairs
 - Multiple morbidities testing
 - Partner services





- Strategies/activities to identify individuals unaware of HIV status (cont'd)
 - Perinatal testing and training
 - Social network testing
 - Rapid testing algorithm
 - Public health/STD clinic testing
 - Early intervention services
 - HIV nucleic acid amplification testing
 - Commercial sex venue testing





- Strategies/activities for referral and linkage
 - Performance based reimbursement
 - HIV LA
 - HIV rapid testing algorithm
 - Early intervention services
 - Transitional case management
 - Peer navigator intervention





- Strategies/activities for referral and linkage (cont'd)
 - Youth-focused linkage workers
 - Antiretroviral treatment access study (ARTAS) linkage case management
 - PHI field investigation/follow up
 - Integrated lab/testing/care data





EIIHA - Data

• Estimated Number of Unaware Individuals

Estimated Back Calculation Methodology

p = National proportion undiagnosed HIV= 21%

N = Number of individuals diagnosed and living with HIV in LAC as of 12/31/2008 = 42,634*

Formula for Locally Undiagnosed = [p/(1-p)] x N Estimated Undiagnosed PLWHA in LAC = [21% / (1-21%)] x 42,634 = 11,333





^{*} This is based on the number of PLWH/A in LAC in eHARS for 2008.

EIIHA - Data

- Total Number of HIV Tests in 2009*
 - Total HIV tests conducted = 73,356
 - 87.4% informed of HIV status
 - 12.6% un-informed of HIV status
 - Total HIV-positive tests = 773
 - 71.2% informed of HIV status
 - 28.8% un-informed of HIV status

Note: positive results are counted as informed only when the results are confirmed, not preliminary. Un-informed is defined as no documented confirmed positive HIV test results. *includes only public funded HIV tests through OAPP and the STD program.





Access to Care and FY 2011 Plan

- Continuum of HIV/AIDS Care
- FY 2011 implementation plan
- Needs assessment, comprehensive plan, service priorities and implementation plan
- Core services not allocated RW funds
- Increase access
- Address needs of emerging populations
- Keep PLWHA engaged in care



Access to Care and FY 2011 Plan

- Promote parity in terms of geography, quality, comprehensiveness, and cultural appropriateness
- Assuring culturally and linguistically appropriate services
- Relevance to Healthy People 2010
- Resource allocations to WICY
- Use of MAI funding





Grantee Administration

- Program Organization and Org. Chart
- Grantee Accountability
 - Distribution and tracking of Ryan White Part A funds
 - Fiscal and program monitoring
 - Process of corrective actions
 - Technical assistance types and frequency
 - Audit findings and provider compliance





Grantee Administration

- Grantee Accountability (cont'd)
 - Reporting and reconciling program expenditures
 - Process for receiving invoices and issuing payment
 - Fiscal staff accountability
 - Role and responsibilities
 - Coordination between fiscal and program staff





Grantee Administration

- Third Party Reimbursement
 - Process, documentation, and monitoring
- Administrative Assessment by the Planning Councils
 - Results and recommendations
 - Grantee response





Planning and Allocation

- Letter of Assurance from Co-Chairs
- Priorities Setting and Resource Allocation Process
 - Description of process
 - Needs of people not in care
 - Needs of people unaware
 - Needs of people historically underserved
 - How PLWHA were involved





Planning and Allocation

- Priorities Setting and Resource Allocation Process
 - How data were used to make priority and allocation decisions
 - Epi data, cost data, unmet need data
 - Data related to individuals unaware of HIV status
 - PC process to address funding fluctuations
 - MAI funding





Planning and Allocation

- Funding for Core Medical Services
 - FY 2011 Allocation Table
 - At least 75% of funds allocated to core medical services





Budget and MOE

FY 2011 Budget Request

- \$49,812,316 (MAI included)

– Grantee Administration* 10%

– Quality Management 5%

– Direct Services85%

*Includes Planning Council Support





Budget and MOE

- Maintenance of Effort (MOE)
 - New HRSA policy guidance August 2009
 - Local contributions for FY 2008 and FY 2009
 - List of core medical and support service budget elements
 - Tracking system to be used





Clinical Quality Management

- Clinical Quality Management (CQM) Program
 - CQM structure, mission, and goals
 - Staff roles and resources
 - Internal Administrative Agency CQM process
 - Assessing quality of services by providers
 - Performance indicators/outcome measures
 - CQM program implementation, monitoring and evaluation





Clinical Quality Management

- Clinical Quality Management (CQM)
 Program
 - How MAI outcomes data are being used
 - Plan/activities of using data to show improved clinical health outcomes





Clinical Quality Management

- CQM Data Collection and Results
 - Client data reporting to HRSA
 - Capability, system used, process
 - CQM data collected and results
 - CQM data review and validation
 - How data have been used to improve or change service delivery
 - For planning councils; CQI projects





Contact Information

Juhua Wu

Office of AIDS Programs and Policy

600 South Commonwealth Avenue, 10th Floor

Los Angeles, California 90005-4001

Phone: (213) 351-8150

Fax: (213) 381-8023

E-mail: juwu@ph.lacounty.gov

This presentation is available at www.publichealth.lacounty.gov/aids



