State of California—Health and Human Services Agency

California Department of Public Health Center for Infectious Diseases Division of Communicable Disease Control Infectious Diseases Branch Surveillance and Statistics Section MS 7306, P.O. Box 997377 Sacramento, CA 95899-7377

# ANAPLASMOSIS CASE REPORT

Jurisdictions that choose to use this form should send completed forms to the Surveillance and Statistics Section by mail through your communicable disease reporting staff. For jurisdictions participating in CalREDIE, entry of information into the CalREDIE form will facilitate investigations and surveillance. This form is only for cases of anaplasmosis. Ehrlichiosis cases should be reported using the Erhlichiosis Case Report Form. Spotted fever rickettsioses (such as Rocky Mountain spotted fever) should be reported on the appropriate Spotted Fever Rickettsioses Case Report form. Cases of typhus and other non-spotted fever rickettsioses should be reported on the Typhus and Other Non-Spotted Fever Rickettsioses Case Report form.

PATIENT INFOR	MATION											
Last Name	Fii	rst Name			Middle Name Suffix		Primary Language					
Social Security Nur	nber (9 digits)			DOB (mm/dd	/уууу)		Age		ears onths	□ Spanish		
										□ Other:		
Address Number &	Straat Baaida	200			Anort	mont / I	Jnit Num	bor	,	Ethnicity (check one)		
Address Number &	Slieel – Residei	nce			Apan	ment / C		iber		☐ Hispanic/Latino		
City / Town					State		Zin	Code		□ Non-Hispanic/Non-La	atino	
City / Town					State		ziρ	Coue		□ Unknown Race(s)		
Census Tract	C	ounty of Resi	dence		Coun	try of R	esidence	<u>,</u>		( - )	ce descriptions on page 7)	
Census maci		Junty of Resi	uence		Couri	liy of ite	-310-110-				m should be based on the	
Country of Birth			If not	t U.S. Born - I	Date of	Arrival	in IIS (I	mm/dd/	iaaad	patient's self-identity or	self-reporting. Therefore,	
Country of Birth			11 1100	10.0. Dom - 1	Date of	Annuar		inni aar	yyyy)	patients should be offer more than one racial de	ed the option of selecting esignation.	
Home Telephone		Cellular	Phone	e / Pager		Work /	School	Telepho	one	□ American Indian or Alaska Native		
										$\square$ Asian (check all that apply, see list on page 7)		
E-mail Address			(	Other Electronic Contact Information					□ Asian Indian	□ Korean		
										🗆 Bangladeshi	□ Laotian	
Work / School Loca	tion		l	Work / School Contact						Cambodian	🗆 Malaysian	
Gender										□ Chinese	🗆 Pakistani	
	ns female / trans	woman [	7 Con	derqueer or n	on hin	anv 🗆	Unknow	n		🗆 Filipino	🗆 Sri Lankan	
	is male/ transma			tity not listed	,				wer	Hmong	Taiwanese	
Pregnant?			1		Yes, Est. Delivery Date (mm/dd/yyyy)				50001	□ Indonesian	□ Thai	
	Unknown		-					<i>J</i> /		□ Japanese	□ Vietnamese	
Medical Record Nur			ŀ	Patient's Parent/Guardian Name						□ Other:		
			-						□ Black or African-American			
Occupation Setting (see list on page 8) Other			Other Describe/Specify						■ Native Hawaiian or O			
										(check all that apply, □ Native Hawaiian	See list on page 7) □ Samoan	
			Other Describe/Crestity							□ Tongan		
Occupation (see list on page 8)			Other Describe/Specify						□ Fijian □ Guamanian			
										Other:		
			L							□ White		
										Other:		
ADDITIONAL PA	_		-									
Sex Assigned at Bir		Sexual										
_	known			ual or straight				0.		e, or patient doesn't know	□ Declined to answer	
☐ Male ☐ De	clined to answer	r ⊔ Gay, □ Bise		an, or same-ge	enaer l	oving	□ Orien	itation n	iot liste	a	Unknown	

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							ree letters of 's last name:			
CLINICAL INFORMATION										
Physician Name - Last Name				First Name		Telephone Nur	mber			
SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS							1			
Symptomatic? □ Yes □ No □ Unknown		0	nset Da	te (mm/dd/yyyy)		Date First Sought	Medical Care (n	nm/dd/yyyy,	)	
Signs and Symptoms	Yes	No	Unk	If Yes, Specify as Note	d					
Fever				Highest temperature (sp	pecify °F/°C)					
Muscle pain										
Headache										
Nausea or vomiting										
Rash or other cutaneous lesion				Location / size / appeara	ance					
Chills										
Sweats										
Joint pain				Joint(s)						
Eye pain										
Abdominal pain										
Diarrhea										
Cough										
Hypotension				Date measured (mm/dd	//уууу)	Systolic /	Diastolic			
Other signs / symptoms (specify)				•						
HOSPITALIZATION										
Did patient visit the emergency ro □ Yes □ No □ Unknown	oom for	illness	?							
Was the patient hospitalized? □ Yes □ No □ Unknown				how many total hospital nights?		Still hospitalized as	of	( <i>mm/d</i>	d/yyyy)	
<i>During any part of the hospitaliza</i> □ Yes □ No □ Unknown	ntion, dic	d the pa	atient sta	ay in an intensive care un	it (ICU) or a critical c	care unit (CCU)?				

If there were any ER visits or hospital stays related to this illness, specify details in the Hospitalization – Details section on next page.

First three letters of patient's last name:

HOSPITALIZATION -	- DETA	ILS								
Hospital Name 1	Street A	Address				Admit Date (mm/dd/yyyy)				
	City					Discharge / Transfer Date (mm/dd/yyyy)				<i>(YY</i> )
State Zip Code Telephone Number					Medical Record Number Discharge Diagnos			Diagnosis		
Hospital Name 2	Street A	Address	•				Admit Date (mr	n/dd/yyyy,	)	
City						Discharge / Transfer Date (mm/dd/yyyy)				
State Zip Code Telephone Number					Medical Record	l Number	Discharge	Diagnosis		
TREATMENT / MANA	AGEMEI	NT	1						1	
Received treatment? □ Yes □ No □ Unki	nown	If Yes, specify t	he treatmer	nts below.						
TREATMENT / MANA	AGEME	NT DETAILS								
Treatment Type 1     If J       □ Antibiotic     □ Other		Antibiotic, specify route Treatment I			Name	Date Started (mm/dd/)		уууу)	/y) Date Ended (mm/dd/yyyy)	
<i>Treatment Type 2</i> □ Antibiotic □ Other	lf	Antibiotic, spec	ify route	Treatment	Name	Date	Date Started (mm/dd/yyyy) Date Ended (mm/dd/yy			d (mm/dd/yyyy)
OUTCOME										
Outcome?     If Survived,       Survived     Died     Unknown       Survived as of					Date of Death (mm/dd/yyyy)			dd/yyyy)		
LABORATORY INFO	RMATIC	N								
LABORATORY RESU	JLTS SI	UMMARY - SE	ROLOGY	,						
Specimen Type 1		Collection Date	e (mm/dd/yy	уу)	Type of Test	Antigen				
Result		Results			Laboratory Name			Telephone Number		
Specimen Type 2		Collection Date	e (mm/dd/yy	уу)	Type of Test			Antigen		
Results				Laboratory Name			Telephone Number			
LABORATORY RESU	JLTS SI	UMMARY - OT	THER		1			1		
Hematology? □ Yes □ No □ Unki	nown	Collection Date	e (mm/dd/yy	<i>YY)</i>	WBC	НСТ		Hb		Platelets
Serum chemistry?	nown	Collection Date	e (mm/dd/yy	<i>'YY</i> )	ALT	•		AST		
Other laboratory diagnos		ormed (e.g., PC	R, buffy coa	at smear)?	If Yes, describe					

First three letters of patient's last name:

## EPIDEMIOLOGIC INFORMATION

## INCUBATION PERIOD: UP TO 14 DAYS BEFORE ILLNESS ONSET

ANIMAL	AND INSECT EXP	OSURES								
Observe any of the following during incubation period <u>at or around home</u> ?					Describe					
Dogs D	Cats Cats Cats	Opossums	s □ Fleas [	□ Ticks						
If pets in the home, how often are they treated with flea prevention medication?			Type(s)	of Treatmen	t	Date(s) of Last Treatment (mm/dd/y		ent (mm/dd/yyyy)		
Observe any of the following during incubation period away from home?       I         Dogs       Cats       Rodents       Opossums       Fleas       Ticks						Describe				
If any cats	vere observed, were	they feral / str	ay, indoor, or c	outdoor c	ats?	1				
□ Feral / st	ray □Indoor □C	outdoor 🗆 Of	ther:							
21 days (in	ent spend any nights cluding in a car, unsh No □ Unknown					Describe				
	recall any insect bites No □Unknown	s in the 10 day	rs prior to illnes	ss?		If Yes, specify a	ll locations, ty	pe of insect bite, and dates	below.	
INSECT E	ITE HISTORY - D	ETAILS								
Bite 1	Location (city, count	ty, state, count	ry)		Date of Inse	ect Bite (mm/dd/yyyy) Type of Insect Bite				
						□ Tick □ Other:				
Bite 2				Date of Inse	ect Bite (mm/dd/yyy		nsect Bite			
					<u> </u>	□ Flea □ Tick □ Other:				
EXPOSU	RES / RISK FACT	ORS – TRA	NSFUSION /	TRANS	SPLANTAT	ION				
Was patier	t's infection transfusi	ion or solid-org	gan-transplanta	ation ass	sociated?	lf Yes, describe	lf Yes, describe			
□Yes □	No 🗆 Unknown									
	t a blood donor ident an donor identified du				on or	If Yes, describe				
-	No 🗆 Unknown	ining a transpi		igation:						
TRAVEL	HISTORY									
Did patient	travel outside count	ty of residenc	e during the ir	ncubatio	on period?					
Did patient travel outside county of residence during the incubation period?         □ Yes       □ No         □ Unknown					If Yes, specify all locations and dates below.					
TRAVEL	HISTORY – DETA	ILS								
Travel Typ	e	State	Country	Ot	her location	details (city, reso	ort, etc.)	Date Travel Started (mm/dd/yyyy)	Date Travel Ended (mm/dd/yyyy)	
□ Domesti □ Internati										
□ Domesti □ Internati										
□ Domesti □ Internati										

First three letters of patient's last name:

ILL CONTACTS									
Any contacts with similar illness (in □ Yes □ No □ Unknown	cluding house	hold conta	cts)?	lf Yes,	If Yes, specify details below.				
ILL CONTACTS - DETAILS									
Name 1	Age Gender		Telephone	e Number	Type of Contact / Relationship	Date of Contact (mm/dd/yyyy)			
	Street Addre	ess			Exposure Event	Illness Onset Date (mm/dd/yyyy)			
	City		State	Zip Code	Occupation	1			
Name 2	Age	Gender	Telephone	Number	Type of Contact / Relationship	Date of Contact (mm/dd/yyyy)			
	Street Address				Exposure Event	Illness Onset Date (mm/dd/yyyy)			
	City		State	Zip Code	Occupation				
EPIDEMIOLOGICAL LINKAG	E								
Epi-linked to known case? □ Yes □ No □ Unknown		С	contact Name / C	Case Numbe	r				
NOTES / REMARKS									
REPORTING AGENCY									
Investigator Name Local Health Jurisdiction			ז	Telephone Number	Date (mm/dd/yyyy)				
<i>First Reported By</i> □ Clinician □ Laboratory □ C	other (specify):								
DISEASE CASE CLASSIFICA	ΤΙΟΝ								
Case Classification (see case defin □ Confirmed □ Probable □ S	<i>iition on page</i> ( suspect	6)							
STATE USE ONLY									
State Case Classification									

□ Confirmed □ Probable □ Suspect □ Not a case □ Need additional information

First three letters of patient's last name:

## CASE DEFINITION

#### ANAPLASMOSIS (2024)

#### BACKGROUND

Anaplasmosis is a tickborne disease caused by the bacterium *Anaplasma phagocytophilum*. *Ixodes scapularis*, or the blacklegged tick, is the primary vector in the northeastern and midwestern United States. The western blacklegged tick, *Ixodes pacificus*, is the principal vector along the West Coast (1). Anaplasmosis typically presents 5 to 14 days after a tick bite with a combination of nonspecific clinical symptoms, such as fever, fatigue, and headache. Illness is often accompanied by laboratory abnormalities including leukopenia, thrombocytopenia, and mildly elevated liver enzymes (1; 2; 3).

## **CLINICAL CRITERIA**

**Objective clinical evidence**: fever as reported by patient or healthcare provider, anemia, leukopenia, thrombocytopenia, any hepatic transaminase elevation, or elevated C-reactive protein.

Subjective clinical evidence: chills/sweats, headache, myalgia, or fatigue/malaise.

## LABORATORY CRITERIA

#### Confirmatory laboratory evidence:

- Detection of *A. phago*cytophilum DNA in a clinical specimen via amplification of a specific target by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) assay, nucleic acid amplification tests (NAAT), or other molecular testing, **OR**
- Serological evidence of a four-fold change<sup>1</sup> in IgG-specific antibody titer to A. phagocytophilum antigen by indirect immunofluorescence assay (IFA) in paired serum samples (one taken in the first two weeks after illness onset AND a second taken two to ten weeks after acute specimen collection)<sup>2</sup>, OR
- · Demonstration of anaplasmal antigen in a biopsy or autopsy sample by immunohistochemical methods, OR
- Isolation of A. phagocytophilum from a clinical specimen in cell culture with molecular confirmation (e.g., PCR or sequencing).

#### Presumptive laboratory evidence:

- Serological evidence of elevated IgG antibody reactive with *A. phagocytophilum* antigen by IFA at a titer ≥1:128 in a sample taken within 60 days of illness onset, **OR**
- · Microscopic identification of intracytoplasmic morulae in leukocytes in a sample taken within 60 days of illness onset.

Note: The categorical labels used here to stratify laboratory evidence are intended to support the standardization of case classifications for public health surveillance. The categorical labels should not be used to interpret the utility or validity of any laboratory test methodology.

<sup>1</sup> A four-fold change in titer is equivalent to a change of two dilutions (e.g., 1:64 to 1:256).

<sup>2</sup> A four-fold rise in titer should not be excluded as confirmatory laboratory criteria if the acute and convalescent specimens are collected within two weeks of one another.

#### CRITERIA TO DISTINGUISH A NEW CASE FROM AN EXISTING CASE

A person previously reported as a probable or confirmed case-patient may be counted as a new case-patient when there is an episode of new clinically compatible illness with confirmatory laboratory evidence.

#### CASE CLASSIFICATION

#### Confirmed

• Meets confirmatory laboratory evidence AND at least one of the objective or subjective clinical evidence criteria.\*

## Probable

- Meets presumptive laboratory evidence with fever as reported by patient or healthcare provider AND at least one other objective or subjective clinical evidence criterion (excluding chills/sweats),\* OR
- · Meets presumptive laboratory evidence without a reported fever but with chills/sweats AND
  - $\circ~$  at least one objective clinical evidence criterion, OR
  - o two other subjective clinical evidence criteria.\*

## Suspect

• Meets confirmatory or presumptive laboratory evidence with no or insufficient clinical information to classify as a confirmed or probable case (e.g., a laboratory report only).\*

\*Patients should not be classified as cases for both anaplasmosis and ehrlichiosis based on serologic evidence alone.

(continued on page 7)

First three letters of patient's last name:

## **CASE DEFINITION (continued)**

## COMMENTS

A. phagocytophilum is closely related to Ehrlichia spp. bacteria, and many patients are tested using serologic panels that include targets for both species. As a result, it is not uncommon for jurisdictions to receive positive antibody results for both Anaplasma and Ehrlichia spp. with the same collection date for a single patient. Public health agencies should use a combination of titer levels, information about the location of possible exposures, clinical manifestations, and the incidence of a particular disease in the geographic areas of exposure to help determine the appropriate disease type for individual patients. Patients should not be classified as cases for both anaplasmosis and ehrlichiosis based on serologic evidence alone.

## REFERENCES

- Biggs HM, Behravesh CB, Bradley KK, et al. Diagnosis and Management of Tickborne Rickettsial Diseases: Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever and Other Spotted Fever Group Rickettsioses, Ehrlichioses, and Anaplasmosis — United States. MMWR Recomm Rep 2016;65(No. RR-2):1–48. DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.rr6502a1</u>
- 2. Hamilton, R., Pandora, T. R., Parsonnet, J., & Martin, I. W. (2021). Clinical Decision Support Trees Can Help Optimize Utilization of Anaplasma phagocytophilum Nucleic Acid Amplification Testing. *Journal of Clinical Microbiology*, 59(9), e0079121. <u>https://doi.org/10.1128/JCM.00791-21</u>
- 3. MacQueen D, Centellas F. Human Granulocytic Anaplasmosis. Infect Dis Clin N Am 2022;36: 639–654. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.idc.2022.02.008

RACE DESCRIPTION	IS								
Race	Descri	Description							
American Indian or Alask	a Native Patient	has origins in <b>any</b> of the original peop	oles of North and South Ame	rica (including Central America).					
Asian	Patient has origins in <b>any</b> of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontiner (e.g., including Bangladesh, Cambodia, China, India, Indonesia, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Nepal, Pakistan, Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam).								
Black or African American Patient has origins in <b>any</b> of the black racial groups of Africa.									
Native Hawaiian or Othe	r Pacific Islander Patient	has origins in <b>any</b> of the original peop	oles of Hawaii, Guam, Ameri	can Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.					
White         Patient has origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.									
ASIAN GROUPS									
Bangladeshi	Filipino	Japanese	Maldivian	Sri Lankan					
Bhutanese	Hmong	• Korean	Nepalese	Taiwanese					
Burmese	Indian	Laotian	Okinawan	• Thai					
Cambodian	Indonesian	Madagascar	Pakistani	Vietnamese					
Chinese	Iwo Jiman	Malaysian	Singaporean						
	AND OTHER PACIFIC ISL	ANDER GROUPS							
Carolinian	Kiribati	Micronesian	Pohnpeian	Tahitian					
Chamorro	Kosraean	Native Hawaiian	<ul> <li>Polynesian</li> </ul>	• Tokelauan					
Chuukese	Mariana Islander	New Hebrides	Saipanese	• Tongan					
• Fijian	Marshallese	Palauan	Samoan	Yapese					
Guamanian	Melanesian	Papua New Guinean	Solomon Islander						

OCCUPATION SETTING	
Childcare/Preschool	Homeless Shelter
Correctional Facility	Laboratory
Drug Treatment Center	Military Facility
Food Service	Other Residential Facility
Health Care - Acute Care Facility	Place of Worship
Health Care - Long Term Care Facility	School
Health Care - Other	• Other
DCCUPATION	
Agriculture - farmworker or laborer (crop, nursery, or greenhouse)	Medical - medical assistant
Agriculture - field worker	Medical - pharmacist
Agriculture - migratory/seasonal worker	Medical - physician assistant or nurse practitioner
Agriculture - other/unknown	Medical - physician or surgeon
Animal - animal control worker	Medical - registered nurse
Animal - farm worker or laborer (farm or ranch animals)	Medical - other/unknown
Animal - veterinarian or other animal health practitioner	Military - officer
Animal - other/unknown	Military - recruit or trainee
Clerical, office, or sales worker	Protective service - police officer
Correctional facility - employee	Protective service - other
Correctional facility - inmate	<ul> <li>Professional, technical, or related profession</li> </ul>
Craftsman, foreman, or operative	Retired
Daycare or child care attendee	Sex worker
Daycare or child care worker	Student - preschool or kindergarten
Dentist or other dental health worker	Student - elementary or middle school
Drug dealer	<ul> <li>Student - high (secondary) school</li> </ul>
Fire fighting or prevention worker	Student - college or university
Flight attendant	Student - other/unknown
<ul> <li>Food service - cook or food preparation worker</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Teacher/employee - preschool or kindergarten</li> </ul>
Food service - host or hostess	Teacher/employee - elementary or middle school
Food service - waiter or waitress	<ul> <li>Teacher/employee - high (secondary) school</li> </ul>
Food service - other/unknown	<ul> <li>Teacher/instructor/employee - college or university</li> </ul>
• Homemaker	Teacher/instructor/employee - other/unknown
Laboratory technologist or technician	Unemployed - seeking employment
Laborer - private household or unskilled worker	Unemployed - not seeking employment
Manager, official, or proprietor	Unemployed - other/unknown
Manicurist or pedicurist	• Other
Medical - emergency medical technician or paramedic	Refused
Medical - health care worker	• Unknown